State of authentication and identity management in Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8 and Fedora 30/31

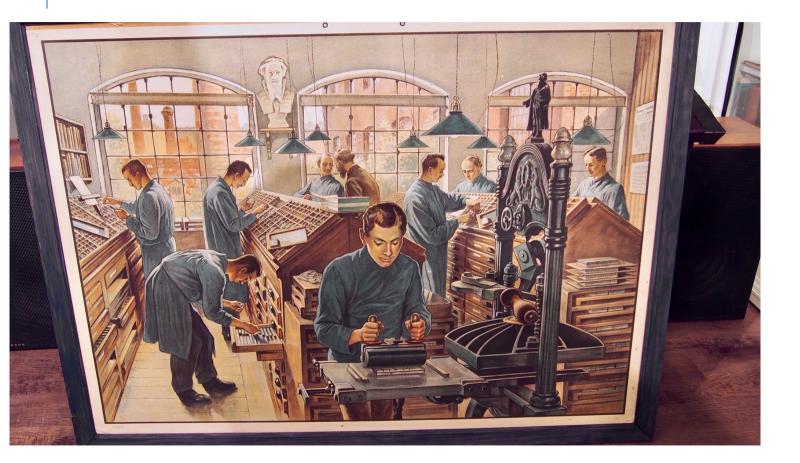


Red Hat

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40 years of POSIX API service



Identities in POSIX API

- getpw*() and getgr*()
 came in Version 7 AT&T
 UNIX, 1979
- Name Service Switch, ~1993

Authentication APIs

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Pluggable Authentication Modules API: 1995, OpenGroup X/ Open Single Sign-on spec: 1997



Name Service Switch Pluggable Authentication '/etc/nsswitch.conf' Modules '/etc/pam.d/*'



Slow evolution

- SMB: 1984
- Kerberos v4: 1988, v5: 1993
- NIS+: 1992
- LDAP: 1993
- PKCS#11: ~1994
- Active Directory: 1998
 - Kerberos + LDAP + SMB



Standard API

Variety of implementations

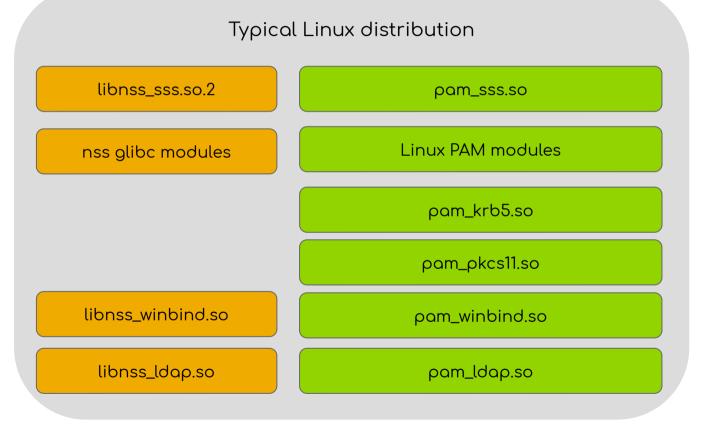


- nss-pam-ldapd
- SSSD
- nss_ldap / pam_ldap
- pam_krb5 (x2)
- pam_pkcs11
- nss_winbind / pam_winbind
- Vendor-specific PAM modules (RSA, ...)



Production use experience

NSS and PAM



Configuration complexity

- Modular stack
- Authconfig macaroni

Deployment complexity

- Local access control settings
- Configuration
 responsibility diffuse
 New requirements
 Universal access to
 identity information in
 applications beyond

POSIX-specific attributes



Standard API

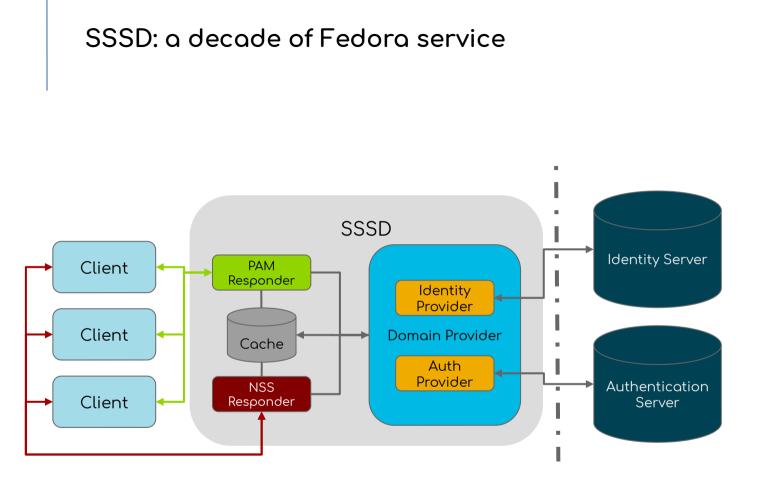
Variety of issues



Long-term issues

- Modular tumbleweed
 - (lack of) execution context isolation
 - (lack of) configuration scaling
 - (lack of support)
- Lack of "fanciness" for new generations of developers
 - Life is easy with REST?

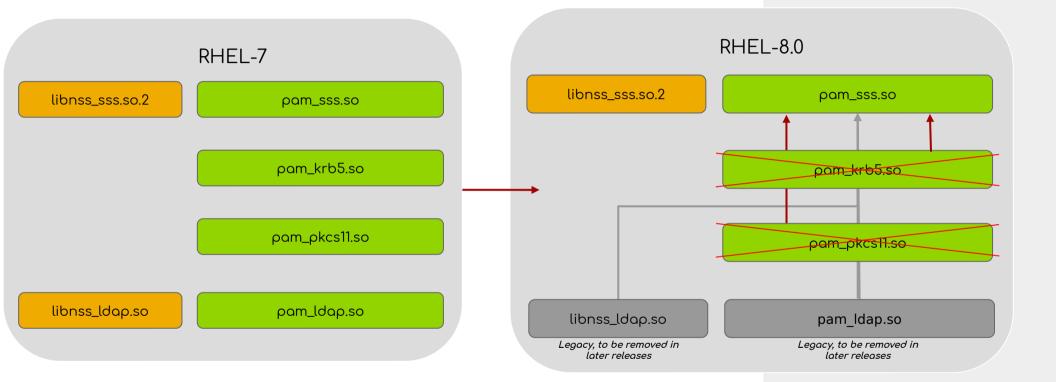




- First Fedora release: Fedora Core 11
- Binds a client machine to centralized identity management systems (FreeIPA, Samba AD, LDAP, ...)
- Identity details are cached for offline use
- SUDO and SELinux policies when using FreeIPA and AD environments
- Multi-factor authentication support
 - OTP tokens
 - Smart-cards



Modular evolution: Fedora isn't the most extreme one!





Single host configuration management: authselect

- NSS / PAM configuration
 - Using pre-defined configuration profiles
 - Predictable and tested behavior
 - Customization is possible with /etc/authselect/custom

authconfig –update (rhbz#1423480) horror stories:

Description of problem: "authconfig --update" might cause system disable logins. Please don't call it at all.

I think the issue is fixed in fprintd-0.7.0-2.fc26 by only calling authconfig during a real uninstall:

```
+if [ $1 -eq 0 ]; then
+ /sbin/authconfig --disablefingerprint --update || :
+fi
```

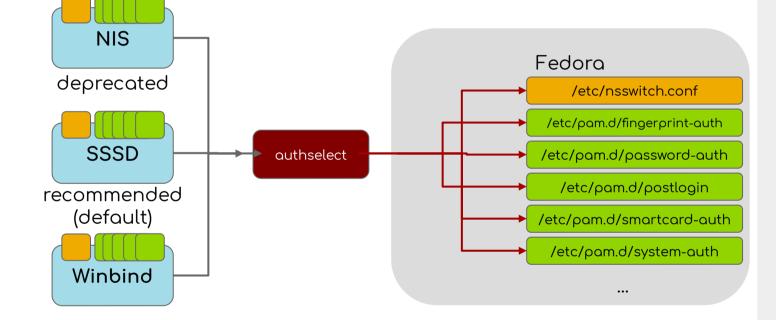
in 0.6.0-5 the unconditional

```
#%postun pam
+/sbin/authconfig --disablefingerprint --update
```

- authconfig replacement
 - Python 2 no Python 3 plans
 - 20 years of authconfig evolution (since 1999) created unmaintainable code base
 - Hard to guarantee working configuration in general
 - Contradicting user experience
 - --update does
 "update" configuration
 but forces you to
 specify all original
 options if you want
 them to persist



Single host configuration management: authselect



Authselect requirements

- Identity and authentication configuration
 - Pre-defined templates for /etc/nsswitch.conf and PAM configuration
- authselect does not configure PAM modules itself
 - ipa-client-install
 - realm join
 - Ansible roles
- authconfig became a wrapper over authselect
 - supports only most used options, without full flexibility

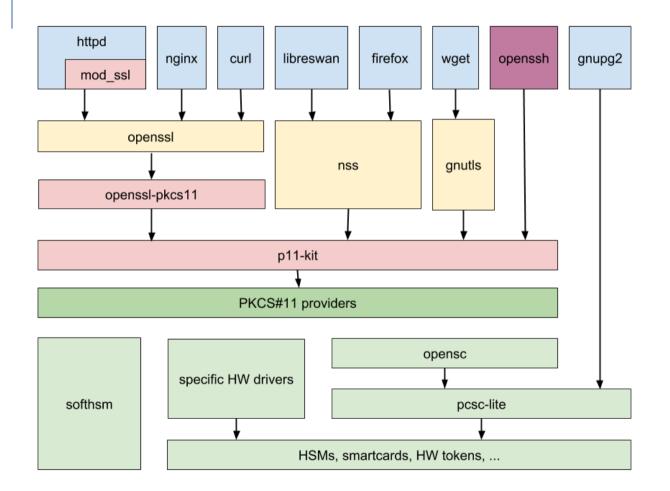


NIS: time has (almost) come

- NIS components marked for deprecation in RHEL 7.6
 - ypserv, ypbind, yptools
- glibc removed SUN RPC and NIS API upstream
 - SUN RPC / NIS API are part of libtirpc now
- NIS client is available for high performance computing nodes
 - Primarily for static user allocation deployments
- NIS server support will be removed in RHEL 9



Authentication: unified PKCS#11 stack



PKCS#11 URI standardization

• RFC 7512 (~2015)

ρ11-kit

- Automatically exposes smartcards, hardware and software tokens, and HSMs to applications
- No additional configuration is needed for single device use thanks to p11-kit-proxy

\$ ssh -i pkcs11: example.com \$ ssh -i "pkcs11:id=%01" example.com

mod_ssl configuration:

SSLCertificateKeyFile pkcs11:id= %01;type=private?pin-value=111111

Firefox

• Automatically loads p11-kitproxy and makes tokens available without manual configuration



Authentication: Kerberos



Client side

- Kerberos Credential
 - Manager (KCM)
- Hybrid DNS resolution support

Crypto changes

- DES/3DES removed
- Kerberos IV removed
- SPAKE support by default



Kerberos Credential Manager

- Protocol supported by MIT Kerberos 1.13+
- SSSD implements KCM server side
- Kerberos client can use FILE:, DIR:, KEYRING:, KCM: credential caches and cache collections
- SSSD KCM:
 - Persistent storage (across reboots)
 - Larger collection sizes
 - Helps sysadmins who need to administer 1000s
 hosts over SSH with GSSAPI
 - Can be used in containers (UID namespacing), as it is UNIX domain socket-accessible
 - Fedora Toolbox automatically imports KCM: credentials into its containers



Hybrid DNS resolution

- MIT Kerberos supports DNS URI discovery (RFC 7553)
 - Used by Fedora Project to expose FreelPA KDC for contributors via fedora-packager package
- DNS canonicalization is a tristate now
 - True, false, fallback
 - Fallback to DNS canonicalization if KDC responds that a requested server principal is unknown
 - Fixes use of OpenShift-based applications (and some legacy mixed deployments)
- Future work:
 - Support for KDC proxies in KDC locator plugin interface to help SSSD and Samba to discover proxies
 - Fedora Project exposes KDC proxy for Fedora contributors



Crypto modernization

- RFC 6649 and RFC 8429
 - RFC 6649: deprecate DES and RC4-HMAC-EXP
 - RFC 8429: deprecate 3DES and RC4-HMAC
- Support for DES/3DES encryption is removed completely
- RC4-HMAC is marked deprecated
 - System-wide crypto policy makes it not visible in the set of default encryption types
 - Applications can still request and use it explicitly
 - Needed for SMB implementation in Samba and FreeIPA



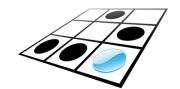
Crypto modernization II

- SPAKE pre-authentication is enabled by default
 - Improved password protection
 - Public key cryptography protection against password dictionary attacks on Kerberos
 - Downgrade attacks are still possible if encrypted timestamp pre-authentication is still enabled
- Authentication Indicators support is available in FreeIPA
 - Can be used to force access to high security resources with the smartcards or 2FA
- Ongoing work
 - Still work in progress to enable flexible KDC policies
 - FIDO U2F in Kerberos
 - 2FA in SPAKE exchanges
 - Mapping authentication indicators and Active Directory asserted SIDs to enable FreeIPA and Samba AD high security support in SMB



Authentication and authorization in Apache

Authentication method	Authentication	Authorization	User identity lookup
Kerberos	mod_auth_gssapi (mod_auth_kerb)	mod_authnz_pam	mod_lookup_idenity
Certificates	mod_ssl (mod_nss, mod_revokator)		
Form processing	mod_intercept_form_submit		
SAML	mod_auth_mellon		
OpenID Connect	mod_auth_openidc		



Apache authentication modules removal in Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8

- mod_auth_kerb removed
 - Replaced by mod_auth_gssapi (RHEL 7+)
- mod_nss removed
 - RHEL IdM moved on to mod_ssl
 - mod_ssl cannot be used together with mod_ssl in a single deployment
 - World moved on to OpenSSL
- mod_revocator
 - Requires mod_nss \rightarrow removed
 - Can be replaced with a systemd timer and mod_ssl



Identity servers in Fedora and Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8



Fedora alternatives:

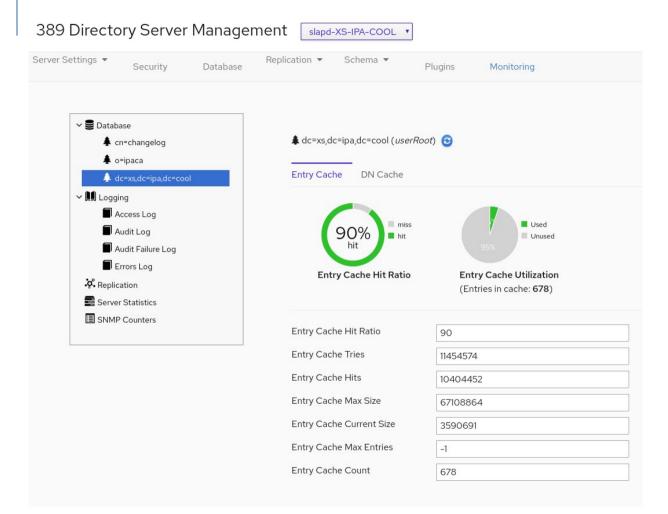
- 389-ds directory server
- FreeIPA on top of it
- Samba AD
- OpenLDAP

Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8:

- RHEL IdM
- RHDS
- Partner offerings



389-ds directory server



- New Cockpit UI plugin
 - Full management and monitoring
- A lot of improvements in auto-tuning in a joint work with SUSE
- Performance improvements for virtual attributes and parallel searches



FreeIPA

- FreeIPA 4.8.0
 - Removal of deprecated crypto
 - Integration with system-wide crypto policy
 - Samba file server on FreeIPA clients
 - Hidden / unadvertised replicas
 - Certificate management improvements
 - Default CA key size is now 3072
 - Dogtag configuration extensions to tune CA at deployment time
 - Support for IP addresses in certificates
- Health check utility to diagnose typical deployment issues
 - ipa-healthcheck
- Ansible integration
 - GSSAPI authentication support in Ansible
 - ansible-freeipa: client, master, replica deployments, resource management



Modular RHEL IdM

- RHEL 8 adds modular repositories
 - Parallel package versions availability (streams)
 - Single version installability
 - Package dependency isolation
 - Installation groups (profiles) per stream in addition to global distro package groups
- Stream idm:client
 - Enabled by default (kickstart use)
 - Contains only packages needed for IdM client deployment
- Stream idm:DL1 (domain level 1)
 - Server components
 - Depends on 389-ds and pki-core (pki-deps) modules
 - Allows quick profile-based installation

Stream idm:DL1 profiles:

- idm:DL1/server
- idm:DL1/client
- idm:DL1/dns
- idm:DL1/adtrust

IdM module update policy:

- Deployment-incompatible changes will be done in a separate stream (DL2, ..)
- Existing streams are provided for the lifetime of the distribution



Samba

- Samba 4.11
 - SMB1 is disabled by default (Fedora 31)
 - LanMan and plaintext auth deprecated
 - Full Python 3 support, Python 2 support removed
 - Extensive JSON-based logging
 - GPO support improvements
 - Offline domain backups
 - LDAP server improvements
 - AD DC improvements
- Work in progress:
 - Crypto unification with GnuTLS
 - Performance improvements 2x-10x with SMB3
 - POSIX extensions for SMB3 protocol
 - Hopefully, will be in use by Fedora 32
 - MIT Kerberos integration for Samba AD
 - S4U* extensions and constrained S4U support



Thank you

